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Background

- How do urban adolescents in a resource-poor environment define, perceive, and experience coping, agency, and well-being?^{1, 2}
- Research used photovoice, a method that employs co-creation of meaning and knowledge around pictorial images³
- Participants (N=12), were in the 9th-11th grades, and diverse in terms of gender and race

¹Benson, Leffert, Scales, & Blyth, 2012

²Flannery, Singer & Wester, 2003

³Strack, McGill, & McDonagh, 2004

Methods

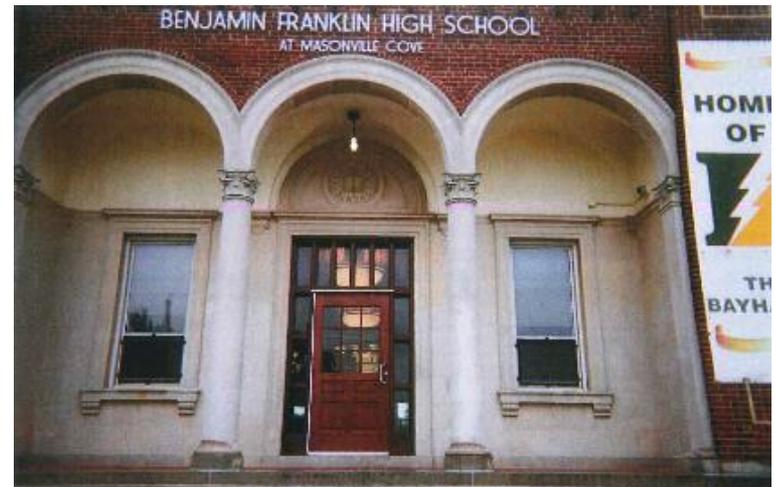
- Participants photographed images representing coping, agency, and well-being.
- Discussion of how their pictures reflected those constructs
- Focus group data were transcribed and analyzed thematically together with the photographs
- Codes across respondents were compiled based on sensitizing concepts of coping, agency, and well-being and emergent themes⁴

⁴Miles & Huberman, 1994



Coping

- Definition: managing stress
- Types of coping: communal coping, observing others, symbolic rituals
- Coping resources: who or what helped them cope (e.g., school, peers)
- Good/bad coping strategies: listening to music, drawing, talking it out, eating, drug use, fighting
- Evolution and consequences of coping: coping changes as you mature and helps you make better decisions





Agency

- Definition: “something that can be changed” or “make different”
- Good/bad agency: actions that improved and harmed their communities
- Impact of agency: the creation of safe spaces for teens to engage in positive and productive activities
- Power to change: change was possible, despite limitations
- Obligation to change: collective responsibility to act



Wellbeing

- Definition: taking care of self and being happy
- Individual wellbeing: techniques like “fixing your mind”
- Community wellbeing: playground and environment
- Where wellbeing is fostered: school as a haven





Conclusion/Next Steps

- Overarching idea of future orientation, which is in contrast to the idea that youth tend to be present-oriented
- Development and/or adaptation of school and community programs
 - Presentation of findings to broader audience (e.g., school board, city council)
 - In school sessions on coping, agency, wellbeing led by students, outside experts