BOSTON COLLEGE Center for Work & Family

New Work Models: Evaluating in Four Dimensions

As organizations prepare their workplaces of the future, new work models will fall on a spectrum depending on four dimensions: work, worker, team, and organization. Each dimension has key questions to consider when building and refining work models over time.

Ask yourself and your team...

1. WORK: Jobs/Tasks

- ✓ What is the degree of collaboration required to get work done? Do all tasks require the same degree?
- ✓ How frequently does information need to be exchanged to work effectively?
- ✓ Must work be done at a specific location or time?
- ✓ Do customers/clients require face-to-face interactions?

2. WORKER: Employee Preferences/Skills

- ✓ Does the employee have the technology, communication and time management skills to work independently and effectively from anywhere?
- ✓ What level of in-person, social interaction is preferred to remain engaged and productive?
- ✓ To what degree do personal circumstances, such as health concerns, commute time, and caregiving, require flexible time and location for work to get done?
- ✓ Is the remote work environment adequate and free from distractions?

3. TEAM: Manager/Team Dynamics

- ✓ Does the manager have the skills and experience to manage distributed teams?
- ✓ What are the team's aggregate work preferences?
- ✓ Are team members co-located or dispersed across geographies/time zones?
- ✓ How much collaboration needs to happen synchronously vs. asynchronously?

4. ORGANIZATION: Leadership/Culture

- ✓ How centralized and well-documented are decision-making, procedures, and flexible work policies?
- ✓ Are organizational and industry norms oriented more around in-person or remote-first interactions?
- ✓ Is the technology infrastructure adequate to support new ways of working?

Things to consider...

How will you **evaluate and adapt** work models over time as business requirements and employee preferences change?

How much **autonomy** will each business unit have to determine how best to support team performance?

How will you **train leaders** in managing hybrid teams, and **invest in the tools of coordination** that will help your teams succeed?

How will you **ensure inclusion and fairness** as you consider employees' work options? What steps will you take to **mitigate proximity bias** and avoid creating a two-tiered workforce?

How will you **onboard** both new and returning employees and **create shared experiences** among distributed teams?

How will you assess performance and gather data on your employees' needs and preferences, engagement and productivity, and sense of belonging?

How will you adapt employee development and networking opportunities so they don't rely on face-to-face interaction?

How will you help employees focus on their well-being and mental health to **prevent** burnout?

How will you acknowledge uncertainty and communicate routinely at all levels of the organization?

New Work Models: Mapping Readiness & Preferences

Consider each dimension as you refine work models across the spectrum. Adjust the slider as you analyze factors within each dimension. Note the action steps required to fully assess readiness and preferences and keep in mind the competing demands of individuals and teams, job requirements and preferences.

In-Person Hybrid Remote 1. WORK Degree of collaboration Highly collaborative Independent work Information exchange Frequent, informal Infrequent, formal Location/time-dependence Location and time-specific Anytime, anywhere Client/customer interaction Face-to-face required Remote-first support possible Action: Conduct a thorough evaluation of how jobs/tasks should be done to meet business objectives. 2. WORKER

Technical/remote-work skills
Communication style
Level of supervision
Preferences/circumstances
Work setup/environment

Lower degree of technical skills
Prefer informal, in-person communication
Direct supervision required
Work as social, few competing demands
Fixed location, poor remote setup

High degree of technical skill
Proactive communicator
Minimum supervision needed
At risk, multiple non-work demands
Optimal setup, distraction-free

Action: Assess employee readiness. Survey employees to understand skills, preferences and circumstances that will help drive engagement and productivity.

3. TEAM

Degree of team-based work
Aggregate preferences
Location/dispersion
Work hours/coordination

Highly collaborative and interdependent Majority in-person Co-located in one/few locations Fully synchronous required Independent workers

Majority remote

Geographically dispersed

Asynchronous possible

Action: Assess manager readiness. Train, support, and create incentives for managers to manage a more distributed workforce.

4. ORGANIZATION

Degree of centralization Physical space/real estate Flexible Work Policy Digitally-enabled Culture/norms Centralized decision-making, processes
Limited ability to reduce/re-design footprint
Formal policy not updated, in place
Poor tech infrastructure, low resources
Face-to-face, in-person highly valued

De-centralized decision-making
Can reduce/re-design footprint
Clear guidelines and policies
Tech-enabled, adequate resources
Remote-friendly culture & norms

Action: Assess organizational readiness. Pilot a phased re-entry. Collect data on retention, mobility, productivity, mental health, and inclusion/belonging among all populations. Evaluate and iterate.